

## Ruby trunk - Feature #10254

### Array#each and Array#map for nested arrays

09/18/2014 02:33 AM - sawa (Tsuyoshi Sawada)

<b>Status:</b>	Feedback
<b>Priority:</b>	Normal
<b>Assignee:</b>	
<b>Target version:</b>	
<b>Description</b>	
<p>In order to allow iteration over elements of arrays nested within an array, I propose to pass <code>Array#each</code> and <code>Array#map</code> an optional argument that expresses the depth to iterate over.</p> <p>Conventionally, iterating over nested elements requires nested <code>each</code> or <code>map</code>:</p> <pre>[[1, 2], [3, 4], [5, 6]].map{ a  a.map{ e  e + 1}} #=&gt; [[2, 3], [4, 5], [6, 7]] [[[1, 2], [3, 4]], [[5, 6]]].map{ a  a.map{ a  a.map{ e  e + 1}}} #=&gt; [[[2, 3], [4, 5]], [[6, 7]]]</pre> <p>With the proposed optional argument, this would be done by:</p> <pre>[[1, 2], [3, 4], [5, 6]].map(1){ e  e + 1} #=&gt; [[2, 3], [4, 5], [6, 7]] [[[1, 2], [3, 4]], [[5, 6]]].map(2){ e  e + 1} #=&gt; [[[2, 3], [4, 5]], [[6, 7]]]</pre> <p>Absence of the parameter should be understood as the parameter being defaulted to 0.</p> <pre>[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6].map{ e  e + 1} #=&gt; [2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7] [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6].map(0){ e  e + 1} #=&gt; [2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]</pre>	

### History

#### #1 - 09/18/2014 04:33 PM - matz (Yukihiro Matsumoto)

- Status changed from Open to Feedback

It should be separated in different method, e.g. `#nested_map` in my opinion.

Matz.

#### #2 - 09/19/2014 06:58 PM - avit (Andrew Vit)

`nested_map` makes sense since there is a `flat_map`. This is similar but different:

```
[[[1, 2], [3, 4]], [[5, 6]]].flatten(2).map{|e| e + 1} #=> [2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
```

#### #3 - 09/19/2014 07:38 PM - trans (Thomas Sawyer)

It's a shame it's not `map_flat`, and thus in this case `map_nested`, as it would organize documentation in a nicer fashion.