# Ruby trunk - Feature #14579

# Hash value omission

03/06/2018 01:50 PM - shugo (Shugo Maeda)

Status: Rejected

Priority: Normal

Assignee:

Target version:

# Description

How about to allow value omission in Hash literals:

```
x = 1
y = 2
h = {x:, y:}
p h #=> {:x=>1, :y=>2}
```

# And in keyword arguments:

```
def login(username: ENV["USER"], password:)
  p(username:, password:)
end
login(password: "xxx") #=> {:username=>"shugo", :password=>"xxx"}
```

# Related issues:

Related to Ruby trunk - Feature #11105: ES6-like hash literals

Rejected

# History

# #1 - 03/06/2018 01:50 PM - shugo (Shugo Maeda)

- Related to Feature #11105: ES6-like hash literals added

# #2 - 03/06/2018 01:51 PM - shugo (Shugo Maeda)

- File hash\_value\_omission.diff added

# #3 - 03/08/2018 11:04 AM - Eregon (Benoit Daloze)

I find this syntax very confusing.

The two occurrences of password: above means two very different things (required kwarg and auto-hash creation).

For

```
x = 1

y = 2

h = \{x:, y:\}
```

it looks to me like the values are missing.

I'd prefer a syntax which is different than "key syntax without value", and refers to the variable name used for the value more clearly, like:

```
x = 1

y = 2

h = \{x, y\}
```

That would also work for the second case like so:

```
def login(username: ENV["USER"], password:)
  p({username, password})
end
```

# #4 - 03/08/2018 11:09 AM - Eregon (Benoit Daloze)

Should this also work for non-Symbols keys like:

```
x = 1y = 2
```

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# #5 - 03/08/2018 11:30 AM - phluid61 (Matthew Kerwin)

Eregon (Benoit Daloze) wrote:

I'd prefer a syntax which is different than "key syntax without value", and refers to the variable name used for the value more clearly, like:

```
x = 1

y = 2

h = \{x, y\}
```

Please no, this is too close to perl's weird handling of lists/hashes. To me it reads like you're trying to write:

```
h = \{1=>2\}
```

#### #6 - 03/09/2018 02:55 AM - shevegen (Robert A. Heiler)

I agree with Matthew.

I understand the suggestion trying to make the syntax even more succinct (less to type) but I think it's one step too much. Ruby already has a quite condensed syntax.

I think this syntax here, asked by Benoit, is also problematic:

```
h = \{ "x" => , "y" => \}
```

Has a slight "visual" problem, at the least to me. I would expect => to "point" to something on the right hand side, which the normal syntax in hashes, in ruby, requires (unless you use the foo: :bar syntax notation).

The:

```
h = \{x:, y:\}
```

to my brain it's indeed a bit confusing because I would normally expect something on the right side of "foo: ".

#### #7 - 03/09/2018 08:59 AM - shugo (Shugo Maeda)

Eregon (Benoit Daloze) wrote:

I'd prefer a syntax which is different than "key syntax without value", and refers to the variable name used for the value more clearly, like:

```
x = 1

y = 2

h = \{x, y\}
```

I proposed the above syntax in #11105, but it was rejected, and this proposal is alternative.

# #8 - 03/15/2018 06:34 AM - matz (Yukihiro Matsumoto)

I prefer this syntax to #11105, but this introduces a Ruby-specific syntax different from ES6 syntax. Besides that, I don't like both anyway because they are not intuitive (for me).

Matz.

# #9 - 03/15/2018 07:49 AM - shugo (Shugo Maeda)

- Status changed from Open to Rejected

matz (Yukihiro Matsumoto) wrote:

I prefer this syntax to #11105, but this introduces a Ruby-specific syntax different from ES6 syntax. Besides that, I don't like both anyway because they are not intuitive (for me).

So I withdraw this proposal.

# **Files**

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