

Ruby master - Feature #15837

Module#name_components

05/08/2019 03:49 AM - mrkn (Kenta Murata)

Status:	Open
Priority:	Normal
Assignee:	matz (Yukihiro Matsumoto)
Target version:	

Description

I sometimes wrote the expression like below to extract the components of class path:

```
klass.name.split('::').last
```

Similar expressions can be found in ruby-trunk:

```
mrkn@mrkn-devel:~/src/github.com/ruby/ruby$ git grep split...:
ext/json/lib/json/common.rb:      path.to_s.split(/::/).inject(Object) do |p, c|
ext/openssl/lib/openssl/config.rb:      refsec, ref = ref.split(':', 2)
ext/psych/lib/psych/visitors/yaml_tree.rb:      method = "visit_#{(klass.name || '').split('::')
'.join('_')}]"
lib/bundler/cli/gem.rb:      constant_array = constant_name.split("::")
lib/bundler/vendor/molinillo/lib/molinillo/errors.rb:      solver_name = opts.delete(:solver_name)
  { self.class.name.split('::').first }
lib/bundler/vendor/thor/lib/thor/parser/argument.rb:      class_name = self.class.name.split("::")
.last
lib/bundler/vendor/thor/lib/thor/parser/arguments.rb:      class_name = self.class.name.split("::"
).last.downcase
lib/optparse/version.rb:      pkg = pkg.split(/::|\/\//).inject(::Object) {|m, c| m.const_get(c)
}
lib/optparse/version.rb:      path.split(/::|\/\//).inject(base) do |klass, name|
lib/rdoc/any_method.rb:      name = @full_name.split('::')
lib/rdoc/context.rb:      names = ename.split('::')
lib/rdoc/context.rb:      path = [prefix] + path.split('::')
lib/rdoc/method_attr.rb:      $1.split('::').last. # ClassName => class_name
lib/rdoc/parser/c.rb:      ([\w\.\ \t]+ = \s+)?rb_define_(class|module)_under[\t
\w, ()*?"(#{class_name.split('::').last})"%xm then
lib/rdoc/parser/ruby.rb:      obj = name_t[:text].split("::").inject(Object) do |state, item|
lib/rdoc/store.rb:      name = klass_name.split('::').last
lib/rdoc/store.rb:      File.join @path, *klass_name.split('::')
lib/rdoc/store.rb:      method_name = method_name.split('::').last
lib/rss/atom.rb:      "#{self.class.name.split(/::/).last.downcase}="
lib/rss/atom.rb:      target.__send__(self.class.name.split(/::/).last.downcase) {|x| x}
lib/rss/atom.rb:      target.__send__("new_#{self.class.name.split(/::/).last.downcase}")
lib/rss/rss.rb:      tag_name = klass.name.split(/::/).last
spec/bundler/support/artifice/fail.rb:      const = name.split("::").reduce(Object) {|mod, sym| mod.
const_get(sym) }
spec/mspec/lib/mspec/utils/name_map.rb:      c.split('::').inject(base) do |dir, name|
spec/mspec/lib/mspec/utils/name_map.rb:      name = mapping[c.split('::').last] || mapping.fetch
(:default)
```

I think we need Module#name_components method that returns the array of symbols (or string, I prefer symbols) which comes from splitting name by ::.

History

#1 - 05/08/2019 10:29 AM - shevegen (Robert A. Heiler)

I was about to write a long reply, but I think it would become too long, so just a shorter comment.

I use something like this in a "base" gem that I tend to use. Example:

```
class Foo
  class Bar
    NAMESPACE = inspect
```

And then I may split on the NAMESPACE constant, via `.split('::')`, in order to later on display to the ruby user who is running the code either: the full name, or only a partial name (such as `Bar:`), or no name at all, on the commandline, including different colours (for example, if something went wrong, I tend to use red colour tone; and the leading "namespace" I tend to use with a light greyish colour if the terminal background is dark).

Example (even though I can not use colours here on the bug tracker):

```
Foo:Bar: The network is currently unavailable; the dataset could not be obtained.
```

Or something like that.

This is especially useful to me in order to know when something has went wrong and I need to debug the situation at hand. I even have another project that e. g. accepts input such as `"Foo::Bar"` and then opens these `.rb` files in my editor, at the least for somewhat smaller classes. I sort of use ruby as an "IDE" here, strange as that may sound, but it is quite effective, actually.

I am not sure if I was able to explain that particular use case well; I try to not write too much. The use case is mostly to just display more information on the commandline, e. g. which `.rb` file is responsible for some particular output, and sometimes I may only show the name of the class rather than the full name, hence why I need `.split('::')` - but the more important aspect of this comment is that I can agree with `mrkn` that there may be common (or somewhat similar) use cases. Ruby users may have to work with `.split('::')` specifically, also as the example above showed.

I have no particular opinion on the name of the method itself; or what it should return (this is secondary to me) and I also can not answer the question as to whether this functionality may be sufficiently useful to other ruby users or not, and may thus encourage the addition of a new method (I have no strong opinion either way, neither about the name. I am sure if it would be approved then the name will be good, anyway), but I did want to describe one more use case, even if it is quite special and not that applicable to others.

To conclude - I agree with `mrkn` here; in my opinion it is somewhat common to see. There may also be more use cases; two I can possibly think of may be in rails/active* and another one possibly in introspection of ruby code, such as in `pry`. I actually looked at `pry` code and `grep` would display this:

```
wrapped_module/candidate.rb:      [/^\s*#{mod_type_string}\s+(?: (?:\w*)::)*?#{wrapped.name.split (/::/) .last}
/,
wrapped_module/candidate.rb:      /^\s*(::)?#{wrapped.name.split (/::/) .last}\s*?=\s*?#{wrapped.class}/,
wrapped_module/candidate.rb:      /^\s*(::)?#{wrapped.name.split (/::/) .last}\. (class|instance)_eval/]
```

I think in particular the last two lines may help reinforce the sample listing by `mrkn`. It may not be a huge use case per se, but it may also not be totally uncommon in different projects, in my opinion. Thanks!