Symbol#to_proc behaves like lambda, but doesn't acknowledge it

10/18/2019 09:21 AM - zverok (Victor Shepelev)

Status: Closed
Priority: Normal
Assignee: nobu (Nobuyoshi Nakada)
Target version: 2.8

Description
Seems that Symbol#to_proc returns Proc that has lambda semantics:

```ruby
proc = :+.to_proc
proc.call(1, 2)  #=> 3
proc.call([1, 2]) # ArgumentError (wrong number of arguments (given 0, expected 1))
```

But if you ask...

```ruby
proc.lambda?  #=> false
```

That seems to be an inconsistency, which I'd like to clarify. There are obviously two ways to fix it:

1. Make it respond true to lambda? (and mention the semantics in docs)
2. Make it behave like non-lambda.

The second one seems to produce some useful behavior:

```ruby
# Currently:
[1, 2].zip([3, 4]).map(&:+)
# ArgumentError (wrong number of arguments (given 0, expected 1))

# With non-lambda:
class Symbol
  def to_proc
    proc { |o, *a| o.send(self, *a) }
  end
end

[1, 2].zip([3, 4]).map(&:+)  #=> [4, 6]
```

Probably all of it was discussed when Symbol#to_proc was introduced, but as old NEWS-files doesn't link to tickets/discussions, I can't find the reasoning for current behavior.

Associated revisions

Revision f0b815dc - 02/19/2020 06:46 AM - nobu (Nobuyoshi Nakada)
Proc made by Symbol#to_proc should be a lambda [Bug #16260]

Revision 5cab86f3 - 02/21/2020 03:30 PM - nobu (Nobuyoshi Nakada)
Proc made by Symbol#to_proc should be a lambda [Bug #16260]

Revision 8c5ca318 - 02/21/2020 03:45 PM - nobu (Nobuyoshi Nakada)
Proc made by Symbol#to_proc should be a lambda [Bug #16260]
With refinements, too.

History

#1 - 11/27/2019 06:05 PM - Eregon (Benoit Daloze)
I think we should just return true for lambda?.
Proc has extra confusing behavior, e.g., #16166.
As a symbol proc cannot know the method to be invoked, so now I think it cannot be lambda. In the case `:+`, it looks like a lambda, but it is not always true.

As a symbol proc cannot know the method to be invoked, so now I think it cannot be lambda. In the case `:+`, it looks like a lambda, but it is not always true.

I am not sure I get it right. Can you please show when it is not true?.. For as far as I can understand, there are two distinctions of lambda:

1. Its return returns from lambda itself, not enclosing scope
2. It treats parameters strictly, without implicit unpacking/optionality

Now, `:+.to_proc` behaves this way:

```
PLUS = :::+.to_proc
PLUS.call(1, 2)
# => 3
PLUS.call([1, 2])
# ArgumentError (wrong number of arguments (given 0, expected 1))
# Tried to call [1, 2].+(1), not l.+(2), so no unpacking
```

Whilst lambda would behave this way:

```
PLUS_L = lambda { |obj, *rest| obj.send(:+, *rest) }
PLUS_L.call(1, 2)
# => 3
PLUS_L.call([1, 2])
# ArgumentError (wrong number of arguments (given 0, expected 1))

# Explicit return:
lambda { |obj, *rest| return obj.send(:+, *rest) }.call(1, 2)
# => 3

...and proc will behave this way:

```
PLUS_P = lambda { |obj, *rest| obj.send(:+, *rest) }
PLUS_P.call(1, 2)
# => 3
PLUS_P.call([1, 2])
# => 3
# Implicit unpacking

# Explicit return:
proc { |obj, *rest| return obj.send(:+, *rest) }.call(1, 2)
# --- returns from the enclosing scope
```

So, `<sym>.to_proc` behaves exactly like lambda, and nothing like proc.

The only thing that differs from the equivalent lambda is...

```
PLUS.parameters # => [[:rest]]
PLUS_L.parameters # => [[:req, :obj], [:rest, :rest]]
```

(which is ideally to be fixed too, as in fact the first parameter is indeed mandatory.)

Can you please show me the case when `<sym>.to_proc` does NOT behave like lambda?..
Just curious: How do you want to use the result of lambda??

mame (Yusuke Endoh) For explanatory and educational purposes, at least. For example, in this article, I am showing some funny examples, and to explain why this works:

\[
[1, 2, 3].zip([4, 4, 4]).map { |a, b| a + b }
\]

...and this not:

\[
[1, 2, 3].zip([4, 4, 4]).map(&:+)
\]

...I'd like to just say "because +=.to_proc is a lambda, as you can see", but what I really need to say is "becuase +=.to_proc doesn't unpacks arguments, behaving like lambda... though it doesn't aknowledge it is".

So, yep, debugging, explaining, teaching, this kind of things.

#6 - 12/19/2019 09:31 AM - Eregon (Benoit Daloze)
- Status changed from Rejected to Open

I agree with zverok (Victor Shepelev) here, a method behaves as a lambda, and doesn't unpack arguments (except a few special methods that specifically do that).

nobu (Nobuyoshi Nakada) I think we should merge your PR. Could you show an example of a Symbol#to_proc Proc that behaves like a proc and not a lambda? I think that's only rare exceptions (due to that method semantic, not due to the generated Proc), and so Symbol#to_proc should acknowledge it's a lambda.

#7 - 12/26/2019 02:35 AM - mame (Yusuke Endoh)
- Target version set to 2.8
- Assignee set to nobu (Nobuyoshi Nakada)
- Tracker changed from Misc to Feature

At the previous meeting, matz said it should return true. Will do.

#8 - 02/19/2020 07:15 AM - nobu (Nobuyoshi Nakada)
- Status changed from Open to Closed

Applied in changeset git|f0b815dc670b61eba1daa67a8613ac431d32b16.

Proc made by Symbol#to_proc should be a lambda [Bug #16260]