

Ruby master - Feature #16745

Improving Date and DateTime comparison

03/31/2020 09:01 PM - jonathanhefner (Jonathan Hefner)

Status:	Open
Priority:	Normal
Assignee:	
Target version:	
Description	
<p>Currently, when a Date and DateTime are compared, the Date is treated as a DateTime with time "00:00:00 +0000". This results in behavior which could be surprising when the other DateTime is not in UTC ("+0000"):</p>	
<pre>date = Date.new(2020, 1, 1) # 2020-01-01 datetime1 = DateTime.new(2020, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, "+0100") # 2020-01-01 00:00:00 +0100 datetime2 = DateTime.new(2020, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, "+0100") # 2020-01-01 01:00:01 +0100 date <=> datetime1 # 2020-01-01 00:00:00 +0000 <=> 2020-01-01 00:00:00 +0100 # == 1 date <=> datetime2 # 2020-01-01 00:00:00 +0000 <=> 2020-01-01 01:00:01 +0100 # == -1</pre>	
<p>I think it would be less surprising if the comparison used the offset of the other DateTime:</p>	
<pre>date <=> datetime1 # 2020-01-01 00:00:00 +0100 <=> 2020-01-01 00:00:00 +0100 # == 0 date <=> datetime2 # 2020-01-01 00:00:00 +0100 <=> 2020-01-01 01:00:01 +0100 # == -1</pre>	
<p>Or, another possibility is to go one step further and convert the other DateTime to Date:</p>	
<pre>date <=> datetime1 # 2020-01-01 <=> 2020-01-01 # == 0 date <=> datetime2 # 2020-01-01 <=> 2020-01-01 # == 0</pre>	
<p>This last behavior leans on the idea that a Date is semantically a range of DateTimes, instead of a single DateTime with its time omitted. It would also cause (date <=> datetime) == 0 when (date === datetime) == true.</p>	
<p>Of course, these changes may break backwards compatibility, and so they may not be feasible. But, related issues have been discussed in rails/rails#36462 and rails/rails#36579, and fixing this behavior in Ruby itself would solve them.</p>	

History

#1 - 03/31/2020 10:32 PM - shevegen (Robert A. Heiler)

I think this may go only after a ruby 3.0 release. Personally I'd love to simplify all of Date, Time and DateTime - but I guess that would mean even more backwards incompatible changes. :)