

`enum.size` # => int, nil or Float::INFINITY

## Example behavior

```
perm = (1..100).to_a.permutation(4)
perm.size           # => 94109400
perm.each_cons(2).size # => 94109399
loop.size           # => Float::INFINITY
[42].drop_while.size # => nil
```

## Creating sized enumerators

```
def foo
  unless block_given?
    to_enum(:foo){ calculate_size }
  end
  # ...
end

Or...

Enumerator.new(->{ calculate_size }){ ... }
```



## Some use cases:

- libraries can get the size without iterating (e.g. a library to print progression)
- estimating time remaining for algorithms
- speed up `#to_a` by allocating the right size?

`enum#size`: always lazy, `enum#count`: never lazy

Return useful values: 65+ methods

Return *nil*: `{take|drop}_while`, `{r}index`, `find{_index}`, all IO